1

1

1

1

1

4-6

1-3

Mark schemes

0	1	
w		-

bind fluorescent dye to mAbs (a)

> put (bound) fluorescent mAbs on the slide (and rinse off) ignore add mAbs and dye to slide (unbound)

mAbs will bind to Candida albicans / pathogens and show up under the microscope

> allow mAbs will bind to Candida albicans / pathogens and show up under UV (lamp)

more Candida albicans / pathogens will be engulfed / killed by phagocytes / white blood cells

> allow Candida albicans / pathogens will be engulfed / killed by phagocytes / white blood cells more quickly

> do not accept white blood cells produce antibodies

do not accept lymphocytes engulf Candida albicans

therefore less damage to cells / tissues / organs ignore less toxin released (by Candida albicans)

(c) Level 2: Scientifically relevant facts, events or processes are identified and given in detail to form an accurate account.

Level 1: Facts, events or processes are identified and simply stated but their relevance is not clear.

No relevant content

Indicative content

- given first to healthy volunteers
 - at (very) low dose
 - to test it is safe or to test for toxicity or to check for any side effects
- then to some patients (with the disease) or people with the

disease

- to test for the correct / optimum dose
- o to check for any side effects
- o to test for efficacy or to test if it works
- o in a double blind trial
- where neither patients nor doctors know who has the mAbs and who has a placebo (or alternative treatment)
- reference to large trial or long duration or control variables
- (d) any **one** from:
 - (the body will) not reject the mAbs
 or (the body is) less likely to reject the mAbs
 do not accept idea of rejection of cells
 - mouse mAbs are (more likely to be) rejected
 - the human lymphocytes have already responded to that infection / cancer cell so they are known to work against the disease

[12]

Q2.

- (a) any **two** from:
 - regular hand washing

or

use hand sanitiser / alcohol gel

cover nose / mouth when coughing / sneezing

allow wear a face mask

- put used tissues (straight) in the bin
- don't kiss uninfected people

allow isolate patient from others

or

don't share cutlery / cups / drinks with uninfected people

 clean / disinfect / sterilise surfaces regularly ignore responses referring to infected people

(b) any **three** from:

 stimulate (mouse) lymphocytes to produce antibody for marking points 1 and 2 lymphocyte must be used at least once

combine (mouse) lymphocyte with tumour cell

or

(create a) hybridoma

- clone (hybridoma) cell
- (hybridoma) divides rapidly and produces the antibody

(c) any **two** from:

 (monoclonal) antibody binds to virus or antibody binds to antigen on surface of virus

Page 3 of 5

2

3

		 (monoclonal) antibody is complementary (in shape) / specific to antigen (on surface of virus) 		
		 white blood cells / phagocytes kill / engulf the virus(es) 	2	
	(d)	as a control		
		to see / compare the effects of the treatment (vs. no treatment)	1	
	(e)	$(4.8 + 10.4) \div 2 \div 100 \times 1500$		
		or $(4.8 \div 100 \times 750) + (10.4 \div 100 \times 750)$	1	
		114		
		an answer of 114 scores 2 marks		
		allow 228 for 1 mark	1	
	(f)	(supports the conclusion because)		
	(-)	over double the number / % of patients (in the trial) were hospitalised with the placebo (compared to MAB)	1	
		(does not support the conclusion because) no information on patients not hospitalised / still unwell at home or		
		other factors may have affected those admitted to hospital		
		allow correct named factor e.g. age / gender / other illness		
		or don't know if it was a double blind trial	1	
			•	[12]
Q3	•			
	(a)	A	1	
	(b)	any one from:		
		 identify / locate specific molecules / other hormones locate blood clots 		
		diagnose / treat some cancers	1	
	(c)	(as) urine passes through reaction zone	1	
		HCG hormone binds to the mobile HCG antibody (in the reaction zone)	1	
		(passes up the stick) HCG hormone binds to the immobilised HCG antibodies in the results zone		
			1	

(the other) antibodies which do not attach to HCG	
bind to antibodies in control zone	
blue dye appears in both control and results zones (to show positive result)	
•	[8]